Communications Sector of the U.S. Economy

* 1998 figures are estimates from the the 1998 Multimedia Telecom Market Review and from IAD.
Sources: Census Bureau, Statistical Abstract of the U.S. and Annual Survey of Communications Services; 1998 Multimedia Telecom Market Review
* 1998 aggregate figure is an IAD estimate. Specific 1998 estimates for the different communications services segments were not available.

Sources: IAD, Telecommunications Industry Revenue Report; Census Bureau, Annual Survey of Communications Services.
LD Consumer Prices and Access Costs are Falling*

* As measured in average cents per conversation minute. LD consumer prices are based on all interstate and international calls. Access costs include all interstate and international access costs paid by IXC's to the LECs.

Source: IAD, Telecommunications Industry Revenue Report. Prices shown are per conversation minute. Year-end 1998 data is not avail.
Interstate & International Calling Continues to Grow and Access Costs Decrease*

* Interstate & international calling as measured by all associated originating/terminating switched access minutes.
Access costs as measured by the average cost per minute paid by IXCs to LECs for only the associated conversation minutes.
Number of Long Distance Carriers*

* Refers to the carriers self-identified on their TRS filings as long distance service providers.
Source: IAD, Trends in Telephone Service.
Average Rate per Minute* for an International Call 1994-1997

* Consumers can obtain even lower per minute rates under some rate plans

Source: FCC Section 43.61 data (excluding reorigination and country direct and beyond). Full-year 1998 data is not yet available.
Revenues of New Local Service Competitors

* 1998 figure is an ALTS estimate.

Source: IAD, Local Competition Report. Local service competitors refer those identifying themselves as CAPs and/or CLECs on their TRS Worksheets submitted to the FCC.
Complaint Workload Continues to Grow*

* Refers to telephone-related complaints made by consumers. These complaints are typically related to carrier spamming/cramming practices, to faulty payphones and to problems with operator services.

Source: CCB Enforcement Division
Total MVPD Subscribers vs. Cable Subscribers

From June, 1995 to December, 1998 satellite home subscribers grew **206%** and now exceed **10.5 million**.

(# of Subscribers)

Source: DBS Investor
Charting the Growth in the Mobile Telephone Industry
1993 - 1998

- **Subscribers**: 60.8 Million in 1998, up 380% from 16 Million in 1993
- **Jobs**: 113,111 in 1998, up 284% from 39,775 in 1993
- **Capital Investment**: $50.2 Billion as of 1998, up 359% from $14 Billion in 1993
- **Average Subscriber Bill**: $39.88 per month in 1998, down 35% from $61.48 per month in 1993
- **Wait for Licenses**: 7.8 Months from Application to Grant, down 68% from 24 Months for Comparative Hearings

Residential Broadband Access Projections

Thousands of Subscriber Households

Source: The Yankee Group
NOTE: 38 of the first 40 stations scheduled for DTV have been granted construction permits
FCC’s Contract with Consumers

• The Communications sector of our economy is rapidly growing and becoming more competitive every day. (ch. 1 & 2)

• Our mission is to bring better services at better prices to every American.

• For this mission to be successful, competition in all facets of the telecom industry must take root.
The Evidence: Long Distance Competition Goes the Distance

• Long distance competition is robust:
  – Access costs/consumer prices are falling (*ch. 3*)
  – Spurring growth in long distance calling (*ch. 4*)
  – While the number of competitors grew by 77% between 1993 and 1997 (*ch. 5*)
  – Impact of competition is also being felt in International markets
    • per minute costs to consumers have declined each year since 1994 (*ch. 6*)
The Evidence: Local Competition is Hitting its Stride

• Today, there are 10 times the number of competing local carriers (nearly 150) as there were pre-Telecom Act (source: ALTS)
• Today, there are over 20 publicly-traded CLECs with a combined market value of $33 billion versus just 6 with a combined value of $1.3 billion pre-Act (source: ALTS)
• Today, CLECs have 5.1 million access lines versus 800,000 pre-Act (source: ALTS)
The Evidence: Local Competition Continued

- Revenues from competing carriers doubled to $3 billion in 1997 alone, and were estimated to have nearly doubled again to $5.7 billion in 1998 (ch. 7)
- Since the Act, CLECs have raised almost $20 Billion from Wall Street versus just $3 billion pre-Act (source: ALTS)
Competition Reality Check

• The emergence of competitive markets, however, does spur:
  – Consumer confusion over new choices
  – Consumer anxiety over fraudulent practices by new and existing carriers

• …Leading to a rise in consumer complaints, which the FCC is tackling one by one. (see ch. 8)
The Evidence: Competition has Revolutionized Video, Wireless

- Total MVPD subscribers have grown, with DBS and other alternatives capturing greater share of growth than cable (ch. 9&10)
- Wireless growth in past 5 years is dramatic as prices fall, subscribersonship is up and capital investment soars (ch. 11)
Looking to the Future: the Future is Now

• Internet usage soared in 1998, driven by more consumers doing more shopping online.
  – The number of Internet shoppers during the holiday season grew 330% from the prior year’s holiday season.
  – Online spending during the holiday season almost tripled to $3 billion from the prior year’s holiday season.
Looking to the Future: The Future is Now

- The transition to high speed Internet access is now a reality at affordable prices. Subscribership is expected to soar. (*ch. 12*)

- Digital TV has begun rolling out, and prices already are falling for DTV sets. (*ch. 13*)